

Germany 4

<b>Women</b>	<p><b>Nazi views:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Women were <b>equal to men but they had a different role</b></li> <li>- A woman's job was to <b>look after the family and raise children</b></li> </ul>
	<p><b>Employment</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Women were encouraged to leave their jobs (propaganda)</li> <li>- From 1933 women were banned from professional jobs</li> <li>- <b>K, K, K = Kinder, Kirche, Kuche</b> (children, church cooking)</li> <li>- From 1937 lots of policies had to be reversed as Germany was rearming – needed women in work</li> </ul>
	<p><b>Appearance</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- A <b>traditional</b> and family centred appearance was encouraged</li> </ul>
	<p><b>Marriage and children</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>Law for the encouragement of marriage</b> – loans were given to young couples to marry</li> <li>- Mother's cross – an <b>award given to women who had lots of children</b> (gold for 8 children)</li> <li>- <b>Lebensborn programme</b> encouraged women to have children with single SS men</li> </ul>
<b>Youth</b>	<p><b>Nazi views:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Hitler wanted to create the 'Thousand Year Reich'</li> <li>- Boys and girls had different roles in German society</li> </ul>
	<p><b>Youth groups</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Boys vs girls eg. Hitler Youth vs League of German Maidens</li> <li>- Political and physical training vs training to be a housewife</li> </ul>
	<p><b>School</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Nazi <b>control over teachers</b> from 1933. Teachers had to swear and oath</li> <li>- Nazi salute, Nazi propaganda, Hitler salute</li> <li>- Nazi <b>control of the curriculum</b> eg. Race studies, more PE, different for boys and girls, Nazi approved textbooks</li> </ul>

<b>Workers</b>	<p>Increase in unemployment – from 6 million to 0.5 million <b>HOW?</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>Labour Service (RAD)</b> – paid work for the unemployed (but very unpopular)</li> <li>- <b>Autobahns</b> – public building works created many jobs</li> <li>- <b>Rearmament</b> – more soldiers (1.3 million by 1939), more jobs in the arms industry</li> <li>- <b>Invisible unemployment</b> – they didn't record everyone as unemployed eg. Women and Jews, people put in prisons</li> </ul>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Wages increased but so did the price of food</li> <li>- Working week rose from 43 hour in 1933s to 49 hours in 1939</li> </ul>
<b>Minorities</b>	<p><b>Nazi organisations:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>The Labour Front (DAF)</b> – the 'Nazi trade union' eg workers couldn't negotiate their rights</li> <li>- <b>Strength through Joy</b> – leisure activities provided for workers eg. Sports events, films, theatre shows. The more loyal the better the activity</li> <li>- <b>Beauty of Labour</b> – campaigned to improve working conditions eg. Better toilets, canteens. But workers were often made to do the extra work</li> </ul>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Nazi views</li> <li>- To make Germany strong the German population had to be strong – <b>Herrenvolk</b> = the master race. <b>Untermenschen</b> = sub-humans</li> <li>- <b>Anti-Semitism</b> – anti-Jewish</li> <li>- Other minorities persecuted - Slavs, Gypsies, Homosexuals, disabled</li> </ul>
	<p><b>Treatment of the Jews</b></p> <p><b>1933</b> – Jews banned from government jobs, they couldn't inherit land, boycott of Jewish shops and businesses, book burnings</p> <p><b>1935</b> – <b>The Nuremberg Laws:</b> Jews were no longer German citizens, Jews could not marry German citizens, Jews had to wear a yellow star on their clothes</p> <p><b>1938</b> – <b>Kristallnacht:</b> the Night of Broken Glass – national violence against Jews. SA and Hitler Youth (with uniforms removed). 814 shops, 171 and 191 synagogues destroyed. Jews were blamed for the damage and 1 billion marks.</p>